Israeli Internet Hacking Analysis for 2000

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Preamble

- The word hacking is used to mean cracking systems
- Raw data: incident reports and Excel spreadsheet won’t be made available so don’t ask for it!
- Names listed in this presentation have not been changed so as to not protect the innocent
From where does the data come?

- My name registered on most Israeli IP blocks as contact - hank@isoc.org.il
  - 192.114.0.0/16, 192.115.0.0/16, 192.116.0.0/16, 192.117.0.0/16, 192.118.0.0/16

- Users report incidents to cert@cert.ac.il
  - Firewall logs, Jammer, BlackICE

- Users report incidents to contact name for .il domain

- My estimate is that only 50% of incidents reach me (other than for IBM -> AT&T)
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How many incidents reported?

- How many incidents reported?
  - 1999: 259  2000: 385

- How many incidents reported that involved Israelis hacking foreign sites?
  - 1999: 238  2000: 272

- How many incidents reported that involved foreigners hacking Israeli sites?

- How many incidents reported that involved Israelis hacking Israeli sites?
Monthly Distribution

Israel Internet Hacking Analysis for 2000
From which ISPs?

- Only those that had more than 10 incidents recorded
- AT&T has all incidents recorded - since I am recorded as contact for their IPs
  - the other ISPs are underrecorded
Which domains are being hacked

- Most attacked sites:
  - home.com (15)
  - llnl.gov (22)
  - ornl.gov (10)
  - cw.net (9)
  - renater.fr (8)
  - rr.com (7)
  - vt.edu (7)
Are the attacks successful?

- 13% of reported attacks in 1999 are successful
- 28% of reported attacks in 2000 are successful
  - most are site defacements
- Which ISP has the most successful hackers?
  - Internet Zahav
What were the most popular attacks in 1999?

- Port scans - 32%
- Telnet attempts - 11%
- Netbus and Back Orifice - 10%
- DoS - 8%
  - Smurf, Mail bombing, WinNuke, SYN flooding
- RPC attacks - 5%
What were the most popular attacks in 2000?

- Site defacements - 25%
  - only 2 out of 94 site defacements happened before Rosh HaShana
- Port scans - 21%
- Netbus, Sub-7, Hacka’Tack and Back Orifice - 17%
- FTP scans - 6%
- Telnet attempts - 5%
- DoS - 4%
  - Smurf, Mail bombing, WinNuke, SYN flooding
Site defacements

- First recorded site defacement - most.gov.il - April 23, 2000
- Second recorded site defacement - webgate.co.il - June 27, 2000
- Third recorded site defacement - tel-aviv.gov.il - Aug 29, 2000
- October 3 - start of massive site defacements
Site defacements - part II

- Last 3 months
  - 57 - co.il
  - 27 - ac.il
  - 4 - org.il
  - 1 - k12.il
  - 1 - gov.il
  - 1 - net.il
- Total - 88 site defacements

- On December 29, 80+ sites defaced by Gforce Pakistan - #1 defacer group in the world
Site defacements - part III

- Many other countries with many more site defacements
  - Brazil - 683
  - UK - 234
  - Mexico - 207

- To see more details:
  - http://www.attrition.org/mirror/attrition/months.html
Site defacements - part IV

Overall OS Shares, August 1999 through November 2000
Site defacements - part V

Overall Webserver Shares: August, 1999 to November, 2000
Which IPs are the worst hackers?

- **192.115.216.131-159**
  - Jan 2 - Sept 30, 2000
  - 33 reported incidents
  - Netbus, BO, Sub-7 scans to mainly .com & .net
  - belongs to AT&T

- **192.116.226.252**
  - Jan 10 - July 5, 2000
  - 16 reported incidents
  - SNMP, ICMP, port scans to many .gov sites
  - belongs to Internet Zahav
Lessons learned

- Israeli ISPs don’t want to handle the problem
  - too much work and effort involved
    - legal - lawyers don’t understand hacking, courts give lenient sentences
    - police - overworked, lack of public interest
  - too few skills to handle the problem
    - Good security sysadmins earn over 20K NIS/month
  - lose of revenue if customer leaves

- Survival of the fittest
  - Arab hackers doing us a favor in weeding out the sites with poor server security